THE DEPORTATION OF PALESTINIANS AND OTHER ISRAELI PRACTICES AMONG THEM THE MASSIVE IMMIGRATION AND SETTLEMENT OF JEWS IN ALL OCCUPIED TERRITORIES IN VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW PARTICULARLY THE FOURTH GENEVA CONVENTION OF 1949

The Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization at its Fifty-Fourth Session,

Having considered the Secretariat Document No AALCO/54/BEIJING/2015/SD/S4,

Noting with appreciation the introductory remarks of the Deputy Secretary-General,

Recalling and reiterating the decisions taken at the consecutive Annual Sessions of the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization since 1988, when the topic was first introduced on the agenda of the Organization, in particular the decisions adopted on 22 April 1998 and 23 April 1999,

Also recalling and reiterating the resolutions adopted on 23 February 2000, RES/40/4 of 24 June 2001, RES/41/4 of 19 July 2002, RES/42/3 of 20 June 2003, RES/43/S 4 of 25 June 2004, RES/44/S 4 of 1 July 2005, RES/45/S 4 of 8 April 2006, RESW/46/S 4 of 6 July 2007, RES/47/S 4 of 4 July 2008, RES/48/S 4 of 20 August 2009, RES/49/S 4 of 8 August 2010, RES/50/S 4 of 1 July 2011, RES/51/S 4 of 22 June 2012, RES/52/S 4 of 12 September 2013 and RES/53/S 4 of 18 September 2014,

Having followed with great interest the deliberations on the item reflecting the views of Member States,

Being concerned with the serious obstacles created by the occupying power, which hinder the achievement of a just and lasting peace in the region,

Recognizing that the massive Israeli military operation in the Occupied Palestinian Territories, particularly in the occupied Gaza strip, has caused grave violations of the human rights of the Palestinian civilians therein and international humanitarian law, and exacerbated the severe humanitarian crisis in the Occupied Palestinian Territories,

Also recognizing that the Israeli siege imposed on the occupied Gaza strip, including the closure of border crossings and the cutting of the supply of fuel, food and medicine, constitutes collective punishment of Palestinian civilians and leads to disastrous humanitarian and environmental consequences,

Welcoming the international and regional initiatives for peace in the Middle East,

Condemning Israel's acts of violence and use of force against Palestinians, resulting in injury, loss of life and destruction, coercive migration and deportation in violation of human rights and the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949,

Stressing the need to compliance with existing Israeli – Palestinian agreements concluded in order to reach a final settlement,

Being concerned about the continuing dangerous deterioration of the situation in the Occupied Palestinian Territories, including East Jerusalem and Gaza strip, the continuous deportation of Palestinians from their homeland, and the continuing serious and systematic violation of human rights of the Palestinian people by Israel, the occupying power, including that arising from the excessive use of force, the use of collective punishment, the occupation and closure of areas, the confiscation of land, the establishment and expansion of settlements, the construction of a wall in the occupied Palestinian Territories, the destruction of property and infrastructure, use of prohibited weapons and all other actions designed to change the legal status, demographic composition of the Occupied Palestinian Territories, including East Jerusalem and Gaza strip, and about war crimes and crimes against humanity committed in these territories, and calling for the implementation of the relevant United Nations resolutions on the humanitarian situation of the Palestinian people,

Recalling the Advisory Opinion rendered by the International Court of Justice in the case concerning the *Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory*, and related General Assembly Resolution (A/RES/ES-10/15 of 20 July 2004 and ES-10/17 of 15 December 2006), as well as the United Nations initiative of establishment of a Register of Damage arising from the construction of the separation wall, and **bearing in mind** that **more than ten years** have elapsed since the International Court of Justice delivered its opinion,

Deeply concerned about the tenacity of Israel in proceeding with the construction of wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including in and around East Jerusalem, and its associated regime which is contrary to international law,

Acknowledging with deep concern that the Security Council is still unable to adopt a resolution stipulating the illegality of the Israeli expansionist wall,

Expressing its support to the Arab Peace Initiative for resolving the issue of Palestine and the Middle East, adopted by the 14th Arab Summit held in Beirut (Lebanon) on 28 March 2002 and reaffirmed in the 19th Summit Conference of the League of Arab States, Riyadh, 28-29 March 2007 as well as other peace initiatives, including the Quartet Road Map,

Taking note of conclusions and outcomes of all events held at both regional and international levels aiming at the achievement of a just, durable and comprehensive solution of the question of Palestine,

Taking note of the initiation of a preliminary examination of the situation in Palestine by the Prosecutor of the International Criminal Court,

Affirming that a comprehensive, just and durable solution can only be achieved by ending the occupation in pursuance of the Charter of the United Nations, existing agreement between the parties and the relevant Security Council and General Assembly resolutions, which will allow all the countries of the region to live in peace, security and harmony,

- 1. **Urges** its Member States to take part in the peace process/efforts exerted by the international community for the achievement of a just and comprehensive solution of the question of Palestine on the basis of relevant Security Council resolutions, including 242 (1967), 338 (1973), 425 (1978), 1397 (2002) and 1860 (2009), and relevant General Assembly Resolutions, including 194 (1949) on the formula of "land for peace" and the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people, and expressing solidarity with the Palestinian people and their elected leadership;
- 2. **Takes note** of the findings of the United Nations Secretary General's Board of Enquiry as transmitted on 4 May 2009 to the Security Council as well as the findings of the recent report of the Special Rapporteur of the Human Rights Council and other regional organizations;
- 3. **Also takes note** of the report of the Independent Fact Finding Committee on Gaza presented to the League of Arab States on 30 April 2009;
- 4. **Strongly condemns** the shocking developments that have continued to occur in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, including the deportation of Palestinians from their homeland, the large number of deaths and injuries, mostly among Palestinian civilians, the acts of violence and brutality against Palestinian civilians, the widespread destruction of public and private Palestinian property and infrastructure, the internal displacement of civilians and the serious deterioration of the socio-economic and humanitarian conditions of the Palestinian people;
- 5. **Demands** that Israel, the Occupying Power, comply fully with the provisions and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Regulations annexed to the Hague Convention of 1907 and the Geneva Conventions in particular the Fourth Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War of 12 August 1949, in order to protect the rights of Palestinians;
- 6. **Also demands** that Israel positively respond to the 2009 Report of Mr. Richard Falk the Special Rapporteur for the Palestinian Territories Occupied Since 1967 and 2010 Report and Recommendations of Justice Goldstone, United Nations Fact Finding Mission on the Gaza Conflict in order to protect the rights of Palestinians;

- 7. **Further Demands** that Israel comply with its legal obligations as mentioned in the Advisory Opinion rendered by the International Court of Justice in the case concerning the Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, and related General Assembly Resolution (A/RES/ES-10/15 of 20th July 2004);
- 8. **Strongly demands** that Israel stop and reverse the construction of the wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory;
- 9. **Strongly deplores** the Israeli blockade of the Gaza strip and its consequent human rights and humanitarian law violation;
- 10. **Further demands** for an immediate cessation of all acts of violence, including all acts of terror, provocation, incitement and destruction of property and calls for the immediate and full withdrawal of Israeli (occupying) forces from Palestinians territories in implementation of Security Council Resolutions, including 1402 (2002), 1403 (2002), 1515 (2003), and 1544 (2004) as a first step for ending the Israeli occupation of Palestinian territories occupied since 1967;
- 11. **Calls upon** Israel to ensure the return of refugees and displaced Palestinians to their homes and the restoration to them of their properties, in compliance with the relevant UN resolutions;
- 12. **Decides** to change the title of this agenda item from "Deportation Of Palestinians And Other Israeli Practices Among Them The Massive Immigration And Settlement Of Jews In All Occupied Territories In Violation Of International Law Particularly The Fourth Geneva Convention Of 1949" to "Violations of International Law in Palestine and other Occupied Territories by Israel and other International Legal Issues related to the Question of Palestine";
- 13. **Directs** the Secretariat to closely follow the developments in occupied territories from the view point of relevant legal aspects; and
- 14. **Decides** to place the item on the provisional agenda of the Fifty-Fifth Annual Session.